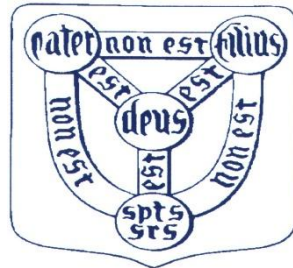




Shellingford CE (A) Primary School

Headteacher: Miss Judith Terrell



"Inspiring hearts and minds"

ANTI-BULLYING POLICY

The school follows the OCC model Anti-Bullying Policy.

Our teaching and learning aims to build 'roots and foundations in love' (Ephesians 3:17-18) and through this we seek to grow children who value, respect and care for one another.

Introduction and Aims

At Shellingford CE (A) Primary School, we are committed to working with children, staff, governors and parents/carers to create a school environment where similarities are identified and celebrated, difference is valued and nurtured, and bullying, harassment and violence are never tolerated. This policy aims to help both prevent and tackle bullying in equal measure.

Shellingford CE (A) Primary School is a caring, safe place where everyone is equal. Inspired by the Holy Spirit and guided by the teachings of Christ, we know, love and respect each other. In our school, we help each other to be the best that we can be. Everyone at Shellingford CE (A) Primary School should be treated with respect and kindness.

Bullying of any kind is unacceptable and will never be tolerated at our school.

We actively encourage every child to embrace and live by the above values, thereby developing knowledge, skills and attitudes which enable them to develop as reflective learners and grow to be stable, educated, respected and respectful adults in modern Britain. It is our duty to prepare every child for what will be expected of them by society, their secondary school, workplace or further study setting.

The purpose of this policy is to ensure a consistency of approach to hurtful behaviour and bullying within our school community. While we must understand that we are all individuals, everybody has the right to feel safe, all of the time.

While bullying and making mistakes is a fact of life, bullying will not be tolerated in or outside of our school.

This policy should be read in conjunction with the following school policies:

- Behaviour for Learning Policy
- E-Safety Policy
- Equality Policy
- Exclusions Policy
- Relationship and Sex Education Policy
- Child Protection and Safeguarding Policy
- SEN Policy

Along with the Anti-Bullying Guidance for Church of England schools '[Flourishing for All](#)'.

What is bullying?

"Bullying is the repetitive, intentional hurting of one person or group by another person or group, where the relationship involves an imbalance of power. It can happen face-to-face and online."

- [Anti-Bullying Alliance](#)

Table 1: Source - Psychology Today



When someone says or does something *unintentionally* hurtful and they do it once, that's
RUDE.

When someone says or does something *intentionally* hurtful and they do it once, that's
MEAN.

When someone says or does something *intentionally* hurtful and they *keep doing it*—even when you tell them to stop or show them that you're upset—that's
BULLYING.

Whether intended or not, hurtful behaviour must be challenged.

Everybody has the right to feel safe.

No form of bullying will be tolerated in our school and all incidents will be taken seriously.

Below are some factors that can make people vulnerable to bullying:

When dealing with bullying-related incidents, schools must refer to the [Equality Act 2010](#) and the 9 protected characteristics within it.

Children and young people who are at most increased risk of being the victims or perpetrators of bullying can be those who:

- are in foster care or residential homes (Children We Care For)
- are understood to be at risk from a range of safeguarding or Child Protection issues – e.g. organised crime groups
- have specific special educational needs – e.g. Autism
- have a disability or impairment
- are from minority ethnic backgrounds
- are refugees or asylum seekers
- start school or an activity group mid term

- are, or are perceived to be, gay, lesbian, bisexual, transgender or questioning of their sexuality or gender
- speak a first language other than English
- are young carers
- have suffered bereavement
- have suffered domestic violence
- have experienced physical or emotional trauma
- have a parent that was a victim of bullying
- experienced poverty or deprivation
- are perceived as different in some way

Types of bullying:

Bullying behaviours can include:

The repeated negative **use of bodily contact** to intentionally hurt others.

- Physical harm – e.g. hitting, kicking, tripping up, spitting, taking or damaging property, use of threat or force in any way, intimidation or demands for money or goods.

The repeated negative **use of speech, sign language, or verbal gestures** to intentionally hurt others.

- Verbal harm – e.g. name calling, insulting, teasing, 'jokes'/banter ([click here](#)) to view the Anti-Bullying Alliance's 'Banter or Bullying?' webpage), mocking, taunting, gossiping, secrets, threats. Reference to upsetting events - e.g. bereavement, divorce, being in care.

The repeated negative **use of actions, which are neither physical nor verbal**, to intentionally hurt others.

- Non-verbal harm – e.g. staring, body language, gestures.
- Indirect harm – e.g. excluding, ostracising, rumours and stories, emails, chat rooms, messaging phones, notes, inappropriate gestures.

The repeated negative **use of technology as a medium** to intentionally hurt others.

- Cyber harm – e.g. text messaging, instant messaging, internet chat rooms, the misuse of social media applications, the misuse of camera or video facilities (including the self-generated inappropriate images), offensive questions and nasty inbox messages.

The repeated negative treatment of another **incited by a parent/carer**.

We acknowledge that some acts of bullying will constitute a criminal offence ([Bullying and the law – Anti-Bullying Alliance](#)). In these cases, we would seek advice from local services. For example, our Police Liaison Officer, the Local Authority's Anti-Bullying Officer and the Locality and Community Support Services (LCSS).

Bullying outside of school

Bullying is unacceptable and will not be tolerated, whether it takes place inside or outside of school.

'Where bullying outside school is reported to school staff, it should be investigated and acted on.'
(DfE Preventing and Tackling Bullying, p.6)

For more information, refer to the below Department for Education (DfE) publications:

- [Bullying outside school](#)

- [Preventing and Tackling Bullying](#) (advice for schools, including advice on cyberbullying)
- [Education and Inspections Act \(2006\)](#)

Bullying can take place on the way to and from school, before or after school hours, at the weekends, during the holidays and in the wider community. The nature of cyberbullying means that it can impact on pupils' well-being beyond the school day. Staff, parents/carers and pupils must be vigilant to bullying outside of school and report it in the same way that they would if they witnessed bullying in school.

We will follow the same procedures (see 'Dealing with an Incident') when it becomes apparent that bullying outside of school is affecting members of our school community. However, if the individual or group causing harm to a member of our community does not attend Shellingford CE (A) Primary School, we will seek advice and guidance from local services (e.g. Schools, Police, Children's Social Care) to ensure action is initiated to address the bullying behaviour.

Possible indicators of bullying

We recognise that the following behaviours may suggest that someone is being bullied:

- disturbed sleep
- bed-wetting
- head and stomach aches
- problems with concentration
- changes in behaviour and attitude
- school refusal
- bullying other children
- damaged or missing clothes / money / property
- asking for more money than usual or stealing money
- withdrawn or changes in their usual behaviour patterns or attitude
- distressed or emotional and finds it hard to articulate their feelings
- changes in their eating patterns
- changes in their online activity
- shows evidence of self-harming or even for extreme cases potential suicide
- is unusually tired without a reasonable explanation
- has unexplained bruises or marks on their body - some may refuse to change for PE
- repeatedly comes to school without dinner money or a packed lunch
- seems afraid to be alone and requires more adult interaction
- This list is not exhaustive. In addition, these behaviours could also indicate other issues for which schools may refer to their Behaviour and Child Protection and Safeguarding Policies for guidance

School initiatives to prevent and tackle bullying

We use a range of measures to prevent and tackle bullying including:

- A Child-Friendly Anti-Bullying Policy (see Appendix) ensures all pupils are aware of the Anti-Bullying Policy and our expectations. This is displayed in every classroom.
- Trained Y5/6 Anti-Bullying Ambassadors meet and work in partnership with staff and other children to consider ways we can continue to effectively prevent and tackle bullying at Shellingford CE (A) Primary School Trust.
- Staff are trained in Restorative Practice. Restorative approaches provide support to those who may have been affected by conflict or bullying behaviours. For more information on Restorative Practice, visit Oxfordshire County Council's Anti-Bullying webpage.

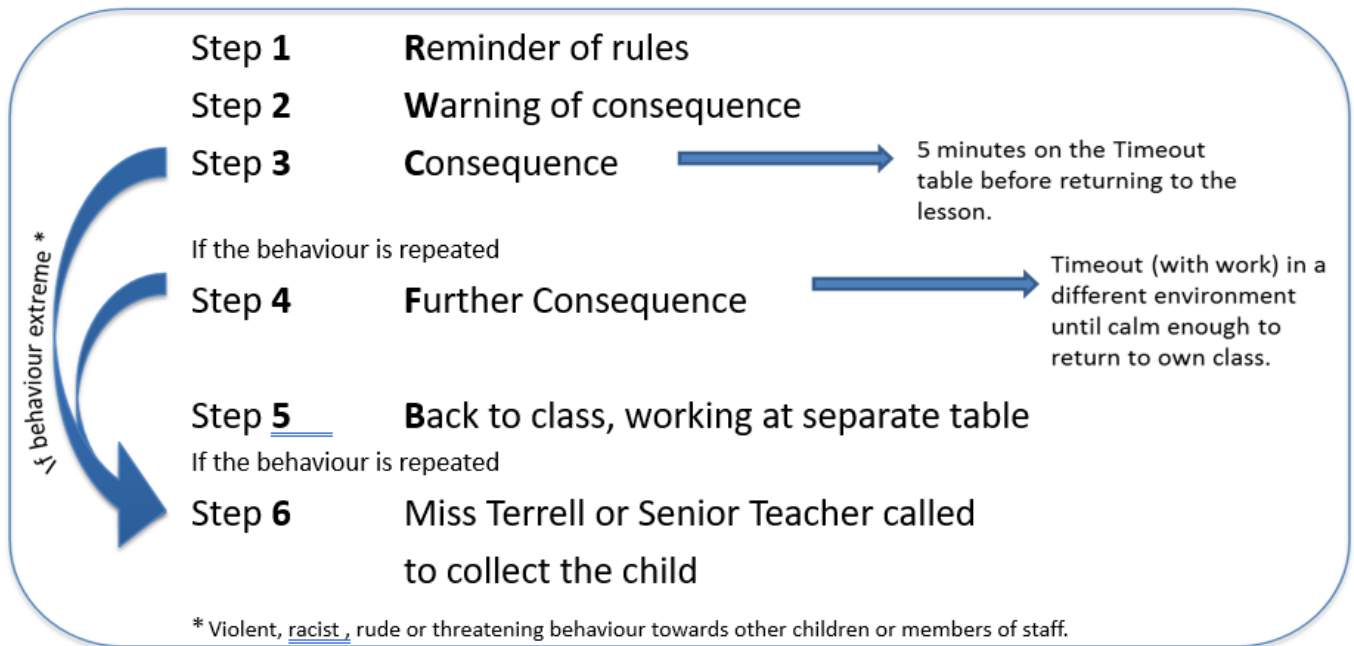
- All staff are trained in Generalist Safeguarding; effectively preventing and tackling all forms of bullying; reporting concerns; and where to go for help and support.
- At Shellingford CE (A) Primary School, we have high expectations of behaviour which we promote through our School Behaviour Steps which is displayed in every classroom and around the school (see below).

Shellingford CE (A) Primary School



"Inspiring hearts and minds"

School Behaviour Steps



- RE lessons include opportunities for pupils to understand about how we are all unique and made in the image and likeness of God.
- The RSE programme of study includes opportunities for pupils to learn:
 - about different types of bullying (including cyberbullying), the impact of bullying, responsibilities of bystanders (primarily reporting bullying to an adult) and how to get help.
 - the importance of respecting others, even when they are very different from them (for example, physically, in character, personality or backgrounds), or make different choices or have different preferences or beliefs.
 - that in school and in wider society they can expect to be treated with respect by others, and that in turn they should show due respect to others, including those in positions of authority.
 - that people sometimes behave differently online, including by pretending to be someone they are not.
 - that the same principles apply to online relationships as to face-to-face relationships, including the importance of respect for others online including when we are anonymous.
- Our daily Collective Worship is a time for reflection and to develop moral values, in addition to Anti-Bullying Week in November, help raise pupils' awareness of bullying and derogatory language.
- Difference and diversity are celebrated across the school through diverse displays, books and images.
- The values of equality and respect are embedded across the curriculum – we strive to be inclusive in everything that we do.

- Pupils are involved in developing school-wide Anti-Bullying initiatives through consultation with the School Council, the Anti-Bullying Ambassadors and any child who has been affected by conflict or bullying. As a restorative school, we aim to work 'with' children and their families in order to effectively prevent and tackle all forms of bullying.

Reporting – Roles and Responsibilities

Governors

The Governing Body have a duty to ensure the school has policies in place to effectively prevent and tackle all forms of bullying and for reviewing the effectiveness of such policies.

Headteacher

It is the responsibility of the headteacher, with the support of senior leaders, to implement the school's Anti-Bullying Policy consistently throughout the school and to report to governors, when requested, on the effectiveness of the policy. It is also the responsibility of the headteacher to ensure the health, safety and welfare of all children in the school, with the support of the Designated Safeguarding Lead.

The headteacher must ensure that the Anti-Bullying Policy is consistently implemented by all staff by setting the standards of behaviour expected and by supporting staff, through appropriate training, in the implementation of the policy.

The Headteacher, supported by class teachers, is also responsible for ensuring expectations of behaviours are clear to all children and that children know what to do if they or somebody else is being mistreated or bullied.

Where appropriate, the Headteacher should seek advice in order to address complex cases of bullying; it is not always possible to effectively resolve every case by following the steps outlined in 'Dealing with an Incident' section. Indeed, every case will be unique.

Anti-Bullying Lead

The Anti-Bullying Lead, with the support of the headteacher and Anti-Bullying Ambassadors, is responsible for ensuring measures are in place to effectively prevent and tackle all forms of bullying.

In addition, the Anti-Bullying Lead is responsible for ensuring every member of the school community is clear on the approach to preventing and tackling bullying at Shellingford CE (A) Primary School.

Our Anti-Bullying Lead is Mrs Jane Merritt (Senior Teacher)

Staff (Teaching and Non-Teaching)/ Adult visitors

Staff

All adults encountered by the children at school have a responsibility to model and promote respectful relationships, both in their dealings with the children and with each other, as their example has a huge influence on the children. All adults have a duty to encourage positive behaviours and challenge any negative behaviours. At Shellingford CE (A) Primary School, we believe that **the behaviour we walk past is the behaviour we accept.**

All adults at Shellingford CE (A) Primary School should aim to:

- create a positive environment with high expectations;
- emphasise the importance of being valued as an individual within the group;
- promote, through example, honesty and courtesy;
- provide a caring and effective learning environment;
- encourage relationships based on kindness, respect and understanding of the needs of others;
- ensure fair treatment for all regardless of age, gender, race, ability and disability;
- show appreciation of the efforts and contributions of all.

Staff, governors and regular volunteers are trained to be vigilant to the signs of bullying and to play an active role in the school's measures to prevent bullying. If adults become aware of bullying, they should reassure the children involved that they will act, follow the steps outlined in 'Dealing with an Incident' and inform their class teacher without delay.

Pupils

All children have a duty to report bullying. If children become aware of hurtful behaviour, they should reassure the children involved that they will act and inform an adult without delay. (See Appendix for the Child-Friendly Anti-Bullying Policy).

Role of Parents / Carers

At Shellingford CE (A) Primary School, we aim to work closely with parents/carers so that our children receive consistent messages about appropriate ways to behave in and out of school. Behaviour expectations are clearly communicated via parent newsletters, our website and the Home-School Agreement which is reviewed annually and signed by the headteacher, parents/carers and children.

We expect all parents/carers to support their child's learning and to co-operate with the school. We work hard to build positive relationships with parents/carers and will always inform parents/carers if we have concerns about their child's welfare or behaviour.

If the school uses reasonable sanctions to manage a child's behaviour, it is essential that parents/carers support the actions of the school. If parents/carers have concerns about the way that their child has been treated, they should initially contact the class teacher. If concerns remain, parents/carers should speak with a member of the Senior Leadership Team. If after this, concerns remain, parents/carers should speak to the headteacher.

For more information, go to Oxfordshire County Council's ['Help if your child is being bullied'](#) webpage.

Dealing with an Incident

When bullying has been reported, the following actions will be taken:

Stage 1

- a) As it can be difficult to identify the bully and bullied in situations of conflict, and once children are calm enough to engage in conversation, staff will work through the 5 restorative steps with any child involved in conflict/bullying.

What are the '5 Steps of Restorative Practice'?

Step 1: Tell the story - What has happened? Start from the beginning... What happened just before that?

Step 2: Thoughts and Feelings - What were/are you thinking? What were/are you feeling? How do you think they are feeling?

Step 3: Ripples of harm – Who has been harmed and how have they been harmed? What has been the most difficult thing for you?

Step 4: Needs – What do you need in order to find closure? What do you need to move forward?

Step 5: What next? What do you think will make things better? What needs to happen?

Children may initially do this in the form of a Debrief Cartoon (see Appendix). Appropriate next steps will be agreed (e.g. restorative meeting, letter of apology etc.) and the class teacher and parents, of all children involved, will be notified.

b) The incident will be recorded on a Major Incident Form without delay (see Appendix).

Stage 2

For serious behaviour incidents, skip to Stage 3.

Should children continue to behave in a way that is hurtful to others, Stage 1 will be repeated and the child causing harm will be treated in-line with the school's Behaviour for Learning Policy to safeguard any children who have been harmed by their behaviour. This may, for example, be a period of internal exclusion (1 or 2 days off the playground) and will be decided by the headteacher.

Staff will offer support to any children who have been harmed and take necessary action to make sure they feel safe and reassured – with the children's consent, this may involve a restorative meeting that produces a written agreement between all children involved.

Stage 3

Should negative behaviours persist following Stage 2 intervention(s) or a serious behaviour incident, the child/children causing harm will be placed on an Inclusion Support Plan (ISP). An ISP (see Appendix) requires positive and negative behaviours to be identified by a relevant member of staff using a QCA Behaviour Assessment (see Appendix). The children who have been harmed should be safeguarded from the harmer until the point a meeting can be arranged with the parents/carers of the harmer. In a meeting involving school, parents/carers and the child, the behaviours causing concern must be acknowledged, possible triggers identified, and a SMART action plan put in place. The ISP should be reviewed weekly with key adults in school.

For any children who have suffered harm, we will assess their needs and, where possible, provide in-school welfare support. For significant cases and cases that constitute a criminal offence, children can be referred to SAFE! Support for Young People Affected by Crime, with the consent of their parent/carer.

Stage 4

Should negative behaviours persist following the implementation of an Inclusion Support Plan (ISP), the headteacher should seek advice* to further consider how to reduce the risk of

recurrence as part of a risk assessment/safety plan and implement appropriate safeguards and support for the child.

If a child reaches Stage 4, the school should also work with the parents/carers to initiate an Early Help Assessment (EHA) and Team Around the Family (TAF) – multi-agency meeting - to consider what action is necessary, and in the child's best interests. Should the family refuse to engage with school in this process, the school will seek support from the Locality and Community Support Service (LCSS) to engage the family. TAF meetings should take place every 6 weeks. Progress against PSP goals should be reviewed as part of the TAF.

* At Stage 4, the headteacher should also refer to the Learner Engagement Team's Guide for school leaders and agencies supporting school-age children / young people at risk of exclusion from school.

In all of these cases, a multi-agency meeting should be arranged to reduce the risk of exclusion:

- If a child has an **Education Health and Care Plan** you must contact your SEN Officer to discuss the risk of exclusion
- If the child is a **Looked After** you must contact the Virtual School for Looked After Children
- If the child is open to social care (**Child in Need or Child Protection**) you must contact the social worker

Safeguarding

When there is 'reasonable cause to suspect that a child is suffering, or is likely to suffer, significant harm' a bullying incident should be addressed as a child protection concern under the Children Act 1989. Where this is the case, school staff should discuss with the school's designated safeguarding lead and report their concerns to their local authority children's social care and work with them to take appropriate action.

Special Educational Needs and Disabilities (SEND)

The headteacher should take account of any contributing factors when dealing with incidents of bullying. Early intervention to address underlying causes of bullying behaviour should include an assessment of whether appropriate provision is in place to support any SEN or disability that a pupil may have. Under the Equality Act 2010, schools must not discriminate. For disabled children, this includes a duty to make reasonable adjustments to policies and practices.

Should the behaviour of a child with any SEN or disability be causing significant harm to others and there is an Education and Health Care Plan (EHCP) in place, the school must request an emergency annual review.

Recording and Reporting

Shellingford CE (A) Primary School records incidents of bullying on a Major Incident Form (see Appendix) and analyses patterns of behaviours as part of weekly Senior Leadership meetings. Reflection sheets may be completed by children as part of our restorative approach. Termly feedback is made available for governors via the headteacher's report.

Pupil Voice

Pupil voice is central to the culture and ethos of our school. We use pupil voice to evaluate how relevant this policy is to children's lives and ensuring they feel safe and able to learn.

Monitoring and Evaluation

The headteacher is responsible for reporting to the Governing Body on how this policy is being enforced and upheld. The governors are in turn responsible for monitoring the effectiveness of this policy via the termly headteacher's report, school monitoring visits and focus groups with pupils. Should a parent/carer wish to pursue a complaint regarding bullying, they should refer to the school's Complaints Policy before making direct contact with the Governing Body.

This policy is reviewed every 12 months.

Policy Written: Mrs Jane Merritt (PSHE Subject Leader)

Date written: October 2024

Review Date: October 2025

Signed _____ Chair of Governing Body

Signed _____ Headteacher

The policy should be read in conjunction with:

- [Keeping Children Safe in Education](#) (statutory guidance)
- [Respectful School Communities: Self Review and Signposting Tool](#) (a tool to support a whole school approach that promotes respect and discipline)
- [Behaviour and Discipline in Schools](#) (advice for schools, including advice for appropriate behaviour between pupils)
- [Equality Act 2010 and schools](#)
- [SEND code of practice: 0 to 25 years](#) (statutory guidance)
- [Mental Health and Behaviour in Schools](#) (advice for schools)
- [Preventing and Tackling Bullying](#) (advice for schools, including advice on cyberbullying)
- [Sexual violence and sexual harassment between children in schools](#) (advice for schools)
- [Promoting Fundamental British Values as part of SMSC in schools](#) (guidance for maintained schools on promoting basic important British values as part of pupils' spiritual, moral, social and cultural (SMSC))

Appendix

Child Friendly Anti-Bullying Policy

If you are being bullied:

Do.....



- Use eye contact and tell them to go away and leave you alone
- Ignore them and walk away
- Act as if you do not care about what they say or do
- Always remember it is NOT your fault

Don't.....

- Do what they say
- Look upset or cry
- Get angry
- Hit them back

What should I do if I see someone else being bullied?

- **Do** walk away and ignore the bullying
- Let the bully know what is happening e.g. I am going to tell an adult
- Tell the bully to STOP if it is safe to do so
- **Do** stay silent or the bullying will keep happening

The Head, Governors and the staff will work together to:

- Make our school a place where everyone can feel safe and happy
- Make sure any bullying is STOPPED
- We will help everyone get on with each other
- We believe everyone has the right to be who they are



Shellingford CE (A) Primary School



"Inspiring hearts and minds"

OUR ANTI-BULLYING POLICY



What is bullying?

At Shellingford CE (A) Primary School a bully is someone who hurts someone more than once, by using behaviour that is intended to hurt, frighten or upset another person.



Emotional – Hurting people's feelings, bossing someone around and leaving people out

Racist – Calling someone racist names

Physical – Punching, kicking, spitting, pushing, tripping or biting

Cyber – Text, email, games console

Verbal – Teasing, name calling, hand signals

Through a 3rd person – Sending a friend a horrible message

When is it bullying?

Several Times On Purpose

What will happen to the bully?

The teacher will get involved and help you solve the problem. They will talk to your parents, tell to your friends and make sure the bullying stops.

DON'T BE AFRAID TO ASK FOR HELP

Who can I tell?



What should I do if I am being bullied?



Start Telling Other People

Child Debrief Cartoons

Child Debrief Cartoons

Draw a cartoon about what happened

Draw a cartoon for a better solution of what happened

5 STEPS OF RESTORATIVE PRACTICE:

- Step 1:** Tell the story - What has happened? Start from the beginning... What happened just before that?
- Step 2:** Thoughts and Feelings - What were you thinking? What were you feeling? How do you think they are feeling?
- Step 3:** Rippling of harm - Who has been harmed and how have they been harmed? What has been the most difficult thing for you?
- Step 4:** Needs - What do you need justice find closure? What do you need to move forward?
- Step 5:** What next? What do you think will make things better? What needs to happen?

Major Incident Form

Shellingford CE (A) Primary School

Headteacher: Miss Judith Terrell



"Inspiring hearts and minds"

MAJOR INCIDENT			
Name of child:			
Class:		IBI in place for the child? Yes / No	
Date:	Time:	Place:	
Type of Major Incident: <ul style="list-style-type: none"><input type="checkbox"/> Racial teasing<input type="checkbox"/> Verbal abuse<input type="checkbox"/> Causing physical harm<input type="checkbox"/> Endangering others and unsafe behaviour			
Brief description of incidents including antecedents:			
Outcome (including any follow up action required):			
Staff involved:			
Signed _____ (Member of staff)		Signed _____ (Designated member of staff for child protection)	
Has this information been passed to any other agencies? (Please give details including names) If not, please record reasons why			

Child's Voice / Reflection:

What's happening / happened? Use this space to write or draw what's happening / happened...

--	--	--	--

How did it make you feel at the time?



How are you feeling now?



What will make it better?



Other:



Key Stage 2

would you prefer more space, please mark outside areas

Child's Voice / Reflection:

What's happening / happened? Use this space to write or draw what's happening / happened...

<p>What were you thinking at the time?</p>	<p>And feeling inside?</p>
<p>What are you thinking now?</p>	<p>And feeling inside?</p>
<p>What needs to happen to put things right/move forwards?</p>	<p>What could help things be different next time? Who could help?</p>

QCA Behaviour Assessment

QCA Behaviour Assessment Child's Name..... Date of Birth.....

Date..... Year Group..... Term..... Age at this date..... Years and..... Months.

School.....

This assessment completed by.....
(Please give your name and role, e.g. class teacher, year coordinator, SENCo, Parent, etc)

Is this the first use of this assessment (baseline) for this child?

(Please circle) **Yes** **No** - QCA assessment has been used before

Baseline was completed Date.....

Then further assessment(s).....

Part A EMOTIONAL

Part B CONDUCT

Part C LEARNING

Total

	30
	30
	30
Total	90



Part C EMOTIONAL BEHAVIOUR	Not at all	Rarely	Sometimes	Fairly often	Often	Always
11. Has empathy <small>eg. is tolerant of others, shows understanding and sympathy, is considerate.</small>	1	2	3	4	5	6
12. Is socially aware <small>eg. interacts appropriately with others, is not a loner or isolated, reads social situations well.</small>	1	2	3	4	5	6
13. Is happy <small>eg. has fun when appropriate, smiles, laughs, is cheerful, is not tearful or depressed.</small>	1	2	3	4	5	6
14. Is confident <small>eg. is not anxious, has high self-esteem, is relaxed, does not fear failure, is not shy, is not afraid of new things, is robust.</small>	1	2	3	4	5	6
15. Is emotionally stable and shows self control <small>eg. moods remain relatively stable, does not have frequent mood swings, is patient, is not easily flustered, is not touchy.</small>	1	2	3	4	5	6

Part B CONDUCT BEHAVIOUR	Not at all	Rarely	Sometimes	Fairly often	Often	Always
6. Behaves respectfully towards staff eg <u>respects</u> staff and answers them politely, does not interrupt or deliberately annoy, does not show verbal aggression.	1	2	3	4	5	6
7. Shows respect to other pupils eg <u>interacts</u> with other pupils politely and thoughtfully, does not tease, call names, swear, use psychological intimidation.	1	2	3	4	5	6
8. Only interrupts and seeks attention appropriately eg <u>behaves</u> in ways warranted by the classroom activity, does not disrupt unnecessarily, or distract or interfere with others, does not pass notes, talk when others are talking, does not seek unwarranted attention.	1	2	3	4	5	6
9. Is physically peaceable eg <u>is</u> not physically aggressive, avoids fights, is pleasant to other pupils, is not cruel or spiteful, does not strike out in temper.	1	2	3	4	5	6
10. Respects property eg <u>values</u> and looks after property, does not damage or destroy property, does not steal.	1	2	3	4	5	6
Part A LEARNING BEHAVIOUR	Not at all	Rarely	Sometimes	Fairly often	Often	Always
1. Is attentive and has an interest in schoolwork eg <u>is</u> not easily distracted, completes work, keeps on task and concentrates, has good motivation, shows interest, enjoys schoolwork.	1	2	3	4	5	6
2. Good learning organisation eg <u>works</u> systematically, at a reasonable pace, knows when to move on to the next activity or stage, can make choices, is organised.	1	2	3	4	5	6
3. Is an effective communicator eg <u>speech</u> is coherent, thinks before answering.	1	2	3	4	5	6
4. Works efficiently in a group eg <u>takes</u> part in discussions, contributes readily to group tasks, listens well in groups, works collaboratively.	1	2	3	4	5	6
5. Seeks help where necessary eg <u>can</u> work independently until there is a problem that cannot be solved without the teacher's intervention.	1	2	3	4	5	6

Inclusion Support Plan (ISP)

Oxfordshire County Council Inclusion Support Plan	Oxfordshire County Council Inclusion Support Plan	Oxfordshire County Council Inclusion Support Plan																																												
<p>Pupil:</p> <p>Date of ISP meeting: _____ Attending: _____</p> <p>Attach updated Pupil Profile with strengths, strategies and outcomes</p> <p>Support Plan meeting identified:</p> <p>Current <u>behaviour</u> causing concern:</p> <p>Possible triggers:</p> <p>Possible strategies:</p>	<p>Actions identified from Inclusion Support Plan meeting:</p> <table border="1" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <thead> <tr> <th style="width: 30%;">What</th> <th style="width: 30%;">Who/How</th> <th style="width: 40%;">When</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr><td> </td><td> </td><td> </td></tr> <tr><td> </td><td> </td><td> </td></tr> <tr><td> </td><td> </td><td> </td></tr> <tr><td> </td><td> </td><td> </td></tr> <tr><td> </td><td> </td><td> </td></tr> </tbody> </table> <p>Include Support Arrangements from Outside Agencies</p> <p>Arrangements for Review</p> <table border="1" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <tr> <td>Frequency of Review:</td> <td> </td> </tr> <tr> <td>Person Responsible:</td> <td> </td> </tr> <tr> <td>Date for Final Review:</td> <td> </td> </tr> </table> <p>Any other information:</p> <p>Signed: _____ Date: _____</p> <p>Copies to all adults working with child</p> <p style="text-align: center;">INCLUSION SUPPORT PLAN</p>	What	Who/How	When																Frequency of Review:		Person Responsible:		Date for Final Review:		<p>Inclusion Support Plan Review</p> <table border="1" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <tr> <td>Name:</td> <td colspan="4">Progress discussed with:</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Date:</td> <td>E</td> <td>C</td> <td>L</td> <td> </td> </tr> <tr> <td>QCA Tracking:</td> <td> </td> <td> </td> <td> </td> <td> </td> </tr> <tr> <td>Review Date:</td> <td>E</td> <td>C</td> <td>L</td> <td> </td> </tr> </table> <p>Notes from meeting</p> <p>Areas of success</p> <p>Areas of concern</p> <p>Actions</p> <p>Notes written by: _____</p> <p>Date of next review meeting: _____</p> <p>For further guidance, contact vulnerable_learners@oxfordshire.gov.uk</p> <p style="text-align: center;">INCLUSION SUPPORT PLAN</p>	Name:	Progress discussed with:				Date:	E	C	L		QCA Tracking:					Review Date:	E	C	L	
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Pastoral Support Plan (PSP)

OXFORDSHIRE COUNTY COUNCIL PASTORAL SUPPORT PLAN

PASTORAL SUPPORT PLAN

Name:.....Year:.....

School:.....

OXFORDSHIRE COUNTY COUNCIL PASTORAL SUPPORT PLAN

Checklist and explanation

To begin with you need to print off ...
Part 1. Pastoral Support Plan and Part 2. Inclusion Support Plan and Pupil Profile

PART	ACTION	DATE
PART 1	Pastoral Support Plan (Documents needed to start)	
	PSP Front sheet	
	Checklist	
	Initial summary	
	Initial Meeting agenda	
	Initial Meeting Action plan	
	8 Week Review Meeting Action Notes	
PART 2	Inclusion Support Plan (including the Pupil Profile)	
	Appendix 1 INITIAL MEETING DOCUMENTS	
	1 Risk assessment	
	2 Initial staff questionnaire	
	3 QCA	
	4 Pupil Questionnaire	
	5 QCA Pupil voice	
	6 Parent letter	
	7 Parent questionnaire	
	Appendix 2 8 WEEK REVIEW DOCUMENTS	
	1 8 wk review Staff questionnaire	
	2 QCA	
	3 8 Week Pupil Questionnaire	
4 QCA pupil voice		
5 8 wk review parent feedback		
6 Two extra Pupil Assessments if wanted		
Appendix 3 FINAL REVIEW DOCUMENTS		
1 Final review staff questionnaire		
2 QCA		
3 Final review pupil questionnaire		
4 QCA pupil voice		
5 Final review parent feedback		
PSP Completed		
HT Signature		

OXFORDSHIRE COUNTY COUNCIL PASTORAL SUPPORT PLAN

INITIAL SUMMARY SHEET

NAME				DATE	
DOB	SCHOOL		YEAR GROUP		
Number of fixed term exclusions		Progress measures	ENGLISH	MATHS	SCIENCE
ATTENDANCE RECORD	%				
SEN:	Additional Needs Support List	SEN Support	Q	S/EHCP	
PRIMARY SEN NEED / CLINICAL DIAGNOSIS					
BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF SUPPORT					
Risk of permanent exclusions?	YES	NO	Risk Assessment completed?	YES	NO
QCA SCORE					
E C L					
Other assessment scores					
Reason for PSP					
AGENCIES INVOLVED					
QCC	NAME	SALIS		NAME	
EP		HEALTH			
ATTENDANCE		HEALTH			
PCAM/SCAMH		OTHER			
Parental involvement					
KEY ADULT			Proposed date for meeting:		
			Date confirmed:		

OXFORDSHIRE COUNTY COUNCIL PASTORAL SUPPORT PLAN

Initial Meeting Agenda

- Welcome (to include finish time) Length of meeting 1 hour. Introductions and apologies.
- Purpose and aims of meeting.
- What the student does well and summary of concerns (incidents/behaviour log).
- Parent and/or student comments and questionnaire feedback.
- Feedback and analysis of staff questionnaires.
- Summary of school inclusion support plan meeting.
- Strategies to support outcomes including rewards.
- Monitoring and review arrangements.
- Dates of next meetings (interim (8 weeks) and final).

OXFORDSHIRE COUNTY COUNCIL PASTORAL SUPPORT PLAN

Initial Meeting Action Notes

DATE OF INITIAL MEETING:	Name	DOB																					
	Form/Class	Year																					
Attended by:	Apologies:																						
Main Points Arising																							
OUTCOMES agreed with student and family																							
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Copy of PSP programme sent to LA.																							
Date for Mid-term QCA assessment:																							
Date for <u>8 week</u> review:																							
Date for Final Review Meeting:																							

OXFORDSHIRE COUNTY COUNCIL PASTORAL SUPPORT PLAN

8 WEEK REVIEW MEETING for:

Date	PSP start date	Class Teacher
Attended by:		Apologies:
Previous QCA scores:		
E C L		
Current QCA Assessment		
E C L		
Summary of Progress		
•		
•		
•		
Young Persons views/comments:		
Parents/carers views/comments:		
Actions:		
•		
•		
Action	Name	Date
QCA's and Questionnaires for Final Review to be sent by		
and returned by		